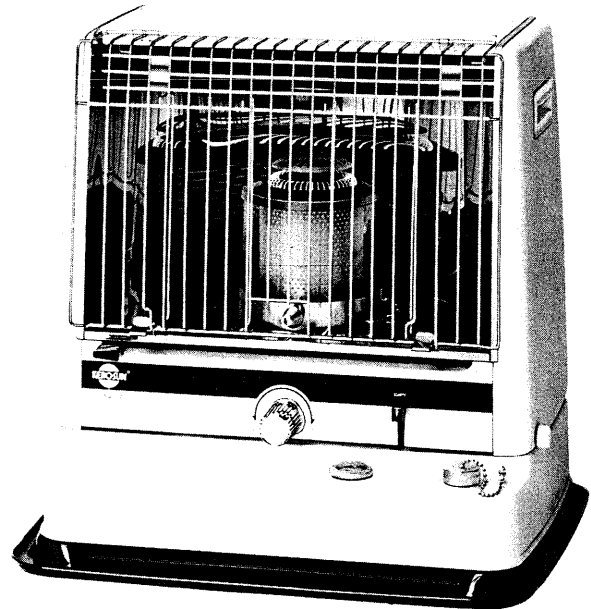




BY TOYOTOMI

# PORTABLE KEROSENE HEATER OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS

MODEL **Radiant 10**  
(TYPE K/L/M)



## IMPORTANT

READ AND UNDERSTAND INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE USING HEATER.  
RETAIN INSTRUCTIONS FOR FUTURE REFERENCE.

## CONTENTS

SAFETY TIPS .....	1	ASSEMBLY AND OPERATION .....	6
FUEL GUIDE .....	3	CARE AND MAINTENANCE .....	9
OPERATING CONTROLS AND FEATURES ...	4	REPLACEMENT OF PARTS .....	11
SPECIFICATIONS .....	5	STORAGE .....	15
COMPONENT PARTS .....	5	TROUBLESHOOTING .....	16

Congratulations; you are ready to begin enjoying the benefits of one of the most popular kerosene heaters ever made. TOYOTOMI, the leader in kerosene heater technology, has tested and refined the Radiant 10 to assure you of long-term safety and satisfaction. Please study the following instructions, use and care for your heater carefully, and it will serve you well for many years.

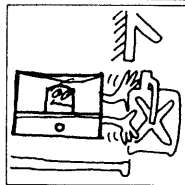
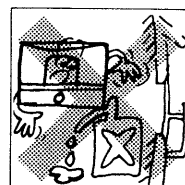
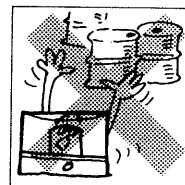
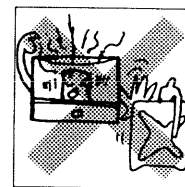
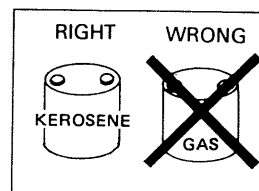
## SAFETY TIPS

BEFORE OPERATING YOUR HEATER, PLEASE review these safety tips:

### WARNING

#### RISK OF EXPLOSION

1. Never use any fuel other than water-clear kerosene (ASTM No.1-K kerosene). Never use gasoline. Use of gasoline can lead to uncontrollable flames resulting in destructive fire. Even kerosene contaminated with small amounts of gasoline, or similarly volatile materials, can be hazardous. Never use a can for kerosene that has previously been used for gasoline, paint thinner, or solvents.
2. Never refill heater fuel tank when heater is operating or still hot. To do so may cause a "flash back" of flame to the fuel container, resulting in injury to yourself and your property.
3. Never use heater in areas where flammable vapors or gases may be present. Especially avoid use of heater where gasoline, naphtha, acetone or other volatile solvents are in the air, or whose containers are open. Such vapors could be ignited by the heater, resulting in fire and/or explosion.
4. Never fill heater fuel tank in living space. Fill heater tank outdoors. Never overfill your heater. Always replace heater tank cap securely after refueling. Spillage of kerosene produces strong odor which is hard to remove. Spillage on carpet can be ignited if match or some other ignition source contacts it.
5. Never store or transport kerosene in other than a metal or plastic container that is (1) acceptable for kerosene, (2) non-red in color, and (3) clearly marked, "KEROSENE". Never store kerosene in the living space. Picking up a gasoline can by mistake when fueling is a major cause of heater fires.



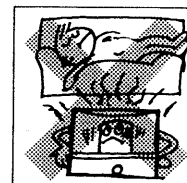
### WARNING

#### RISK OF BURNS OR FIRE

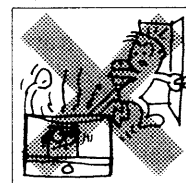
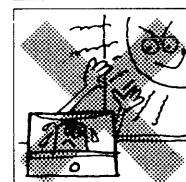
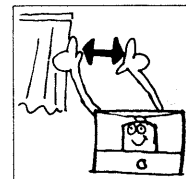
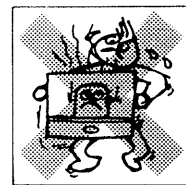
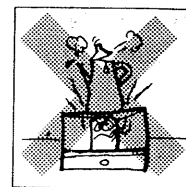
1. Observe the heater carefully for 15-20 minutes after start-up. Problems of improper adjustment of wick height or improperly seated heat chamber should become evident during this warm up period.

NOTE: Carefully follow the instructions for lighting and adjusting the flame.

2. Due to high surface temperatures, keep away from children, furniture and clothing.



3. Do not use heater to heat or boil water or as a cooking appliance. Do not place cooking utensils, tea kettles or any other object on top of heater while in operation.
4. To avoid possible burns or fire, do not move, refuel or attempt to service your heater while it is burning or still hot. If the heater is dropped while it is burning, fuel spillage and flames outside the heater may occur.
5. Do not operate heater less than three (3) feet from walls, draperies, clothing, or furniture. The operation of any heating appliance too close to such materials could cause them to ignite, possibly resulting in a serious fire.
6. To avoid unstable burning, do not operate your heater in areas exposed to strong drafts. Do not operate heater in high-traffic areas such as doorways or hallways where it may be touched, jarred or tipped accidentally.
7. Do not operate heater in direct sunlight to avoid overheating, which may cause abnormal flame behavior. Do not allow room temperature to go above 80°–85°F. If the room temperature exceeds 80°–85°F the flame may increase, thereby producing smoke.
8. Before going out, or at bedtime, turn the heater off, making sure the wick is in its lowest position (see Extinguishing the Flame on page 9) and flame is completely extinguished.

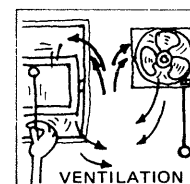


## ⚠ WARNING

### RISK OF INDOOR AIR POLLUTION

Use heater only in well-ventilated areas. People with breathing problems should consult a physician before using the heater.

*"In a house of typical construction, that is, one that is not of unusually tight construction due to heavy insulation and tight seals against air infiltration, an adequate supply of air for combustion and ventilation is provided through infiltration. However, if the heater is used in a small room where less than 200 cubic feet (5.7 m<sup>3</sup>) of air space is provided for each 1000 Btu per hour of heater rating (considering the maximum burner adjustment), the door(s) to adjacent room(s) should be kept open or a window to the outside should be opened at least 1 inch (25.4 mm) to guard against potential buildup of indoor air pollution. Do not use the heater in a bathroom or any other small room with the door closed."*



# FUEL GUIDE

The KERO-SUN Radiant 10 is designed for use with high-quality kerosene only. Use of low-quality kerosene will cause wick performance to drop, leading to "low flame" and "odor problem" conditions.

Purchase only 1-K kerosene in non-red cans reserved exclusively for kerosene and marked accordingly with the word "KEROSENE". Always store your kerosene in a separate area from where you store gasoline for your power equipment, to avoid accidental use of gasoline in your heater.

## What to Buy . . .

- ALWAYS : Crystal clear, colorless, high quality KEROSENE, ASTM No.1-K.
- ALWAYS : Kerosene free of contaminants, water or cloudiness.
- NEVER : Gasoline, alcohol, white gas, camp stove fuel or additives.
- NEVER : Yellow or sour-smelling fuel.

## How to Use It . . .

- ALWAYS : Fill heater away from living quarters when heater is cool; use siphon.
- ALWAYS : Check wick frequently for tar build-up. (Rapid, heavy build-up may indicate poor quality or deteriorated fuel.)
- ALWAYS : Watch fuel gauge to avoid over-filling heater.

## How to Store It . . .

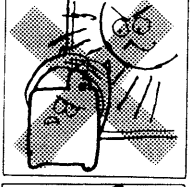
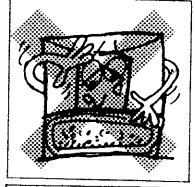
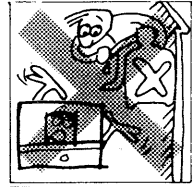
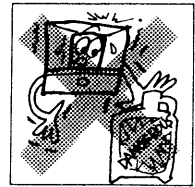
- ALWAYS : In a clean container, clearly marked KEROSENE.
- ALWAYS : AWAY FROM direct sunlight, heat sources or extreme temperature changes.
- NEVER : In a glass container, or one that has been used for other fuels.
- NEVER : For longer than 6 months. (Begin each heating season with fresh kerosene; discard at the end of the season.)

## Why It is Important . . .

Pure, clean kerosene is essential for safe and efficient heater operation. Poor quality or contaminated kerosene can cause:

- Low flame
- Excess tar deposits on the wick
- Reduced wick life
- Odor, smoke
- Difficulty in igniting or extinguishing flame

Use of a highly volatile flammable fuel such as gasoline can produce uncontrollable flames, creating a severe fire hazard.

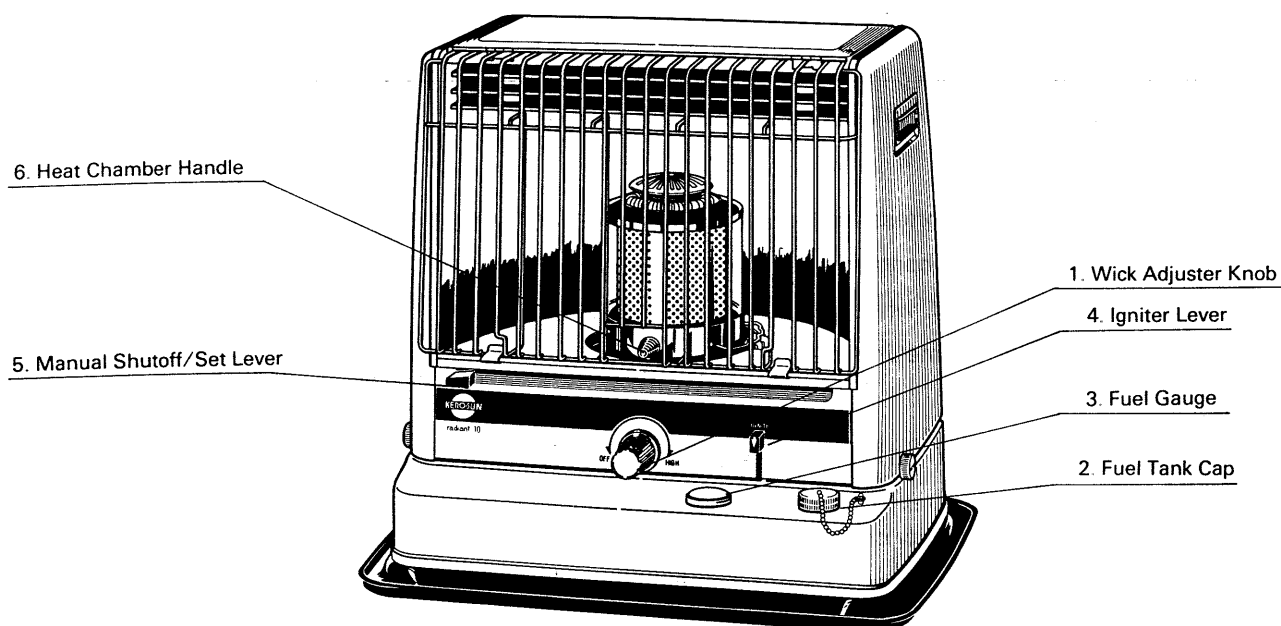


## CAUTION

Flames observed emerging from the heater body are a clear indication that fuel is dangerously contaminated with gasoline or other highly flammable material. If this occurs,

- a. Never attempt to move the heater.
- b. Call the Fire Department.
- c. Use only a class "B" fire extinguisher.
- d. Never throw water directly on a burning heater.

# OPERATING CONTROLS AND FEATURES



- 1. Wick Adjuster Knob:** Used to raise and lower wick for heat output adjustment. Includes wick stop mechanism that indicates effective wick height range. To extinguish flame, pull knob and turn counterclockwise.
- 2. Fuel Tank Cap:** Covers filling port of fuel tank. Cap is secured to heater by chain.  
**NOTE:** Wipe away any spilled kerosene from tank after filling.
- 3. Fuel Gauge:** Indicates fuel level in tank.  
**NOTE:** Never fill beyond black line.
- 4. Igniter Lever:** Battery-powered electrical igniter is brought in contact with wick to ignite fuel at start-up.  
**NOTE:** Lever should be pushed down gently.
- 5. Manual Shutoff/Set Lever:** Sets extinguisher shutter before ignition when pushed to left. Rapidly extinguishes flame when pushed to right.  
**NOTE:** To avoid odor and smoke, do not use routinely to turn heater off. This manual shutoff is not effective when gasoline, gasoline-contaminated kerosene, or other highly flammable fuels are used in the heater.
- 6. Heat Chamber Handle:** Used to check and insure proper seating of the heat chamber after ignition. Improper seating of the heat chamber will cause erratic flame and smoke.
- 7. Unique Wick Design:** Triple wick construction combines specially-woven fibers for uniform shape, strength and controlled kerosene absorption; chemically-treated cotton fiber for water resistance; and a vapor barrier for smooth wick retraction.

# SPECIFICATIONS

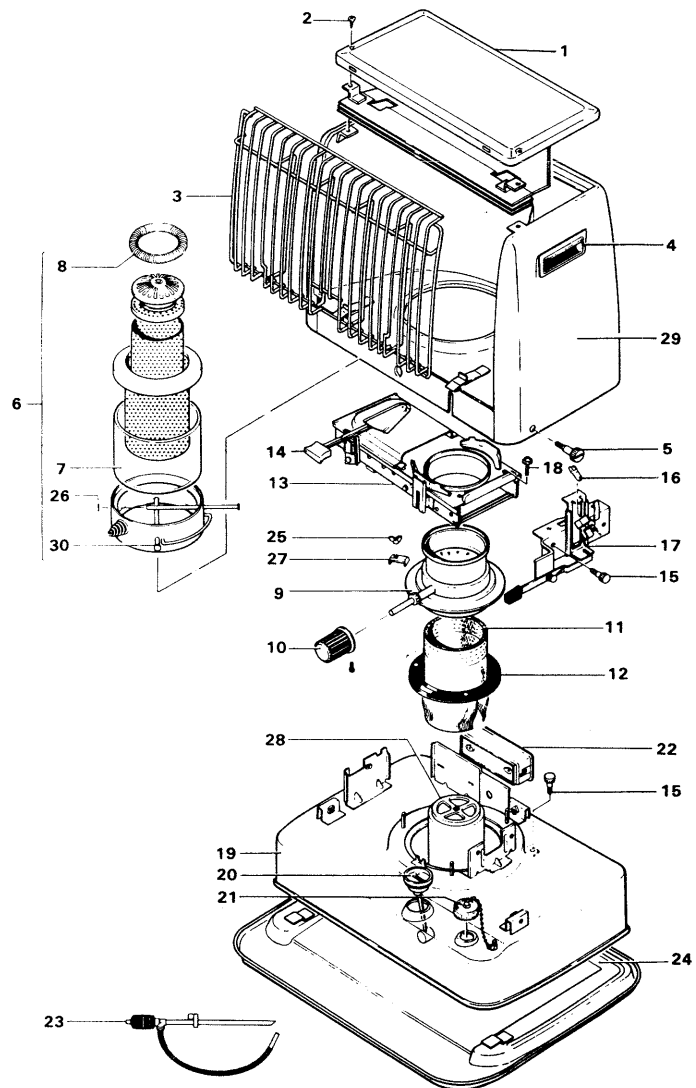
## KERO-SUN Portable Kerosene Heater Model Radiant 10

Heat rating	9,600 BTU/h
Fuel tank capacity	1.92 Gallons
Burning time/tank*	27-37 Hours
Size (W x H x D)	19-7/8" x 18-7/8" x 14-1/8"
Weight	27.3 Lbs.
Igniter	Automatic, powered by two (2) "D" size batteries

\* Depending on wick setting, condition and fuel quality.

# COMPONENT PARTS

REF #	PART #		PART NAME
	TYPE K	TYPE L & M	
1	20452501	20459001	Top plate
2	20454047	20454047	Screw A
3	20452503	20452503	Grille
4	20450004	20459004	Carrying handle
5	20451605	20459005	Thumbscrew for cabinet
6	20451608	20451608	Heat chamber assembly
7	20451609	20451609	Glass cylinder
8	20451610	20451610	Heating coil
9	20471611	20459011	Wick adjuster
10	20451612	20459012	Wick adjuster knob
11	20452513	20452513	Glass fiber wick
12	20452515	20452515	Rubber packing
13	20452616	20452616	Extinguisher assembly
14	20452520	20459020	Extinguisher reset lever
15	20451530	20451530	Thumbscrew A
16	20451618	20451618	Igniter coil
17	20471619	20459019	Igniter unit
18	20450017	20450017	Screw 1A
19	20452522	20459022	Fuel tank assembly
20	20471623	20471623	Fuel gauge
21	20450124	20450124	Fuel tank cap
22	20471627	20471627	Battery holder
23	20450028	20450028	Manual fuel siphon
24	20452529	20459029	Drip tray
25	20450040	20450040	Wing nut
26	20450041	20450041	E ring
27	20451642	20451642	Retainer
28	20471643	20471643	Primary air tube cover
29	20453245	20459045	Cabinet assembly
30	20451650	20451650	Cross pin



Make a note of your heater's serial number. The serial number is located on the outside surface of fuel tank or cabinet. If you need replacement parts or service in the future, reference to this number will assure you of obtaining the proper parts quickly.

Your heater's serial number

**SERIAL NO.**

# ASSEMBLY AND OPERATION

## INSPECTION AND ASSEMBLY

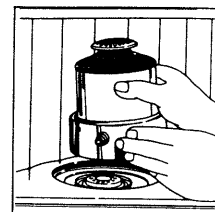
NOTE: Save the shipping carton and packing materials for future storage of your heater.

### 1. REGISTRATION CARD

Remove the registration card from the shipping carton, fill it out and mail as soon as possible.

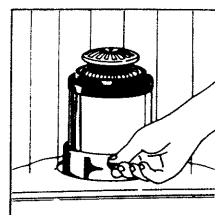
### 2. REMOVE PACKING MATERIALS

Open the grille by releasing the catches at the bottom and swing the grille up. Remove the styrofoam packing wedge from under the top plate of the cabinet to release the heat chamber assembly. Lift the heat chamber, in its protective packing, out of the cabinet.



### 3. REPLACE HEAT CHAMBER

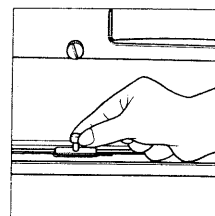
Remove the styrofoam packing, and replace the heat chamber assembly with the wire handle at the front of the heater. Close the grille.



### 4. INSTALL DRIP TRAY

NOTE: DO NOT operate your heater without the drip tray.

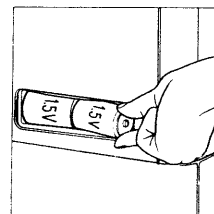
- Place the heater on the drip tray and push it back until it locks into the front tabs on the tray.
- Secure the heater to the tray with the enclosed thumbscrew.



### 5. INSTALL BATTERIES

Locate the battery holder on the back of your heater.

- Insert the two (2) "D" size batteries according to the plus (+) and minus (—) markings.



### 6. CHECK THUMBSCREWS

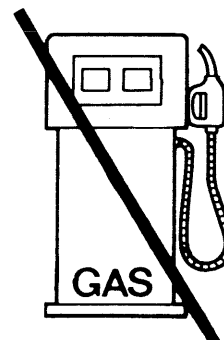
Make sure that the three (3) thumbscrews around the sides and back of the cabinet are tight.

## FUELING

**⚠ WARNING:** Use only water-clear ASTM No. 1-K kerosene.  
Never use gasoline or other flammable liquids.  
ALWAYS extinguish heater before refill heater fuel tank.  
Fuel heater outside the living area.

1. Insert the straight tube of the manual fuel siphon into the kerosene container. Remove the fuel tank cap on the heater, and insert the siphon's flexible hose into the fuel tank opening.

2. Turn the air vent knob on the top of the siphon clockwise to close the air vent.



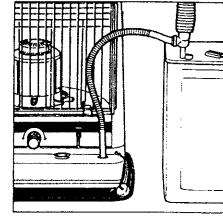
USE KEROSENE ONLY

3. To start the flow of kerosene, squeeze the bulb of the siphon vigorously six or seven times. Once the flow begins, it is no longer necessary to squeeze the bulb. To avoid overfilling the tank, watch the fuel gauge. As the indicator enters the red zone, stop the flow by turning the air vent knob counterclockwise.

NOTE: Be especially careful to avoid overfilling the tank with very cold kerosene; otherwise overflow might occur when the fuel warms up.

4. Remove the siphon carefully, allowing the excess kerosene to drain from the tube back into container. Replace the fuel tank cap and tighten it securely. Be sure to wipe away any spilled kerosene from tank or other heater parts.

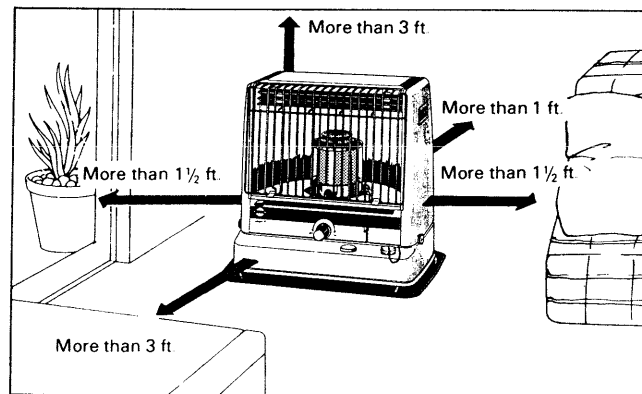
USE KEROSENE ONLY



## CHECK BEFORE LIGHTING

### 1. LOCATE YOUR HEATER AWAY FROM WALLS AND AVOID DRAFTS

Allow at least three (3) feet of clearance between the heater and walls, curtains, shelving or other combustible materials. Do not operate your heater in drafty areas or locations where opening doors may create gusts of air. Drafts or strong air currents may make flame unstable and affect heater performance.

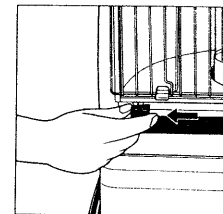


### 2. LEVEL THE HEATER

The heater should be operated on a firm, level floor.

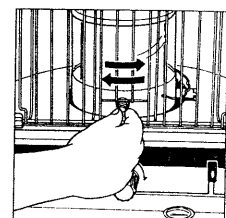
NOTE: If your heater is not level, change locations. Do not attempt to prop it up with books or other objects. An unlevel heater may burn with an uneven flame.

3. Engage the automatic extinguisher by pushing the set lever to the left until it locks.



4. Center the wire heat chamber handle in the opening. Be sure that by moving the wire heat chamber handle left and right, the heat chamber moves easily. This means that the heat chamber is properly seated.

NOTE: Proper seating of the heat chamber is essential for good performance.



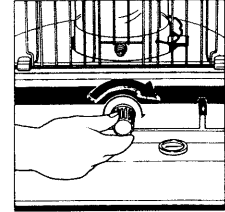


# LIGHTING

**NOTE:** When you first use your new heater, ignite it out of the living area of your house, either in a garage or an outside area protected from strong drafts. Burn it for about 15 minutes to remove all of the protective oil present on the burner parts. If this 15 minute "burn-in" is done inside, some objectionable odor will be observed. This procedure is necessary **ONLY THE FIRST TIME** you ignite your heater.

**NOTE:** If you have fueled your heater for the first time, or if you are refueling it after it has been out of fuel for a long time, you will need to wait about thirty (30) minutes for the wick to become fully saturated before lighting. Failure to allow enough time for the wick to become fully saturated may cause permanent damage to the wick when it is lighted.

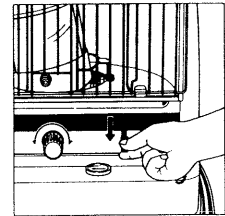
1. Turn the wick adjuster knob clockwise until it stops. This raises the wick to its maximum height.



## 2. AUTOMATIC LIGHTING

Gently push down the igniter lever. (If you push violently on the igniter lever you may cause the heat chamber to be improperly seated.) The igniter coil should glow and touch the wick. When flame appears, release the igniter lever.

**NOTE:** If you have difficulty igniting wick, push back the igniter lever very slightly to remove the igniter coil from direct contact with the wick.

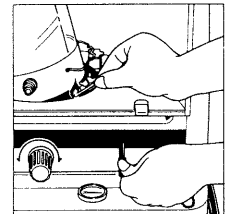


## 3. LIGHTING WITH A MATCH

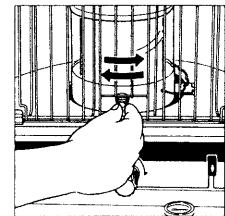
You should not have to light the heater with a match, but should it become necessary, open the grille by releasing the catches at the bottom and swinging grille up, push down the igniter lever and touch the match to the top of the wick. Do not allow burned parts of the match to fall or remain on the wick.

**NOTE:** To restore the automatic igniter system to proper operation, replace worn-out batteries; or if the igniter coil is defective, replace it.

4. Be sure that heat chamber is properly seated by moving the wire heat chamber handle left and right.



**NOTE:** An improperly seated heat chamber can cause high flame, smoke, and potential damage to the heater itself. Do not leave the heater until you have determined that the flame is burning normally, as described in the following section.

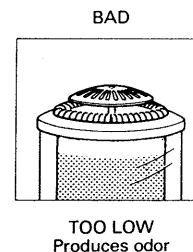
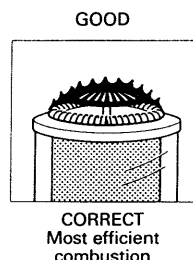
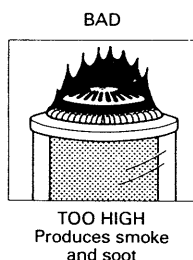


# ADJUSTING THE FLAME

1. After lighting, wait for the heat chamber to reach operating temperature. Heat chamber should be completely red within 5-10 minutes of ignition.

## 2. CHECK THE FLAME HEIGHT

First, the heating coil at the top of the heat chamber will begin to glow. Five minutes later, the entire heat chamber should be glowing red.



If necessary, raise or lower the wick by turning the wick adjuster knob to produce the proper flame condition.

**NOTE:** Do not operate your heater with wick set TOO LOW or TOO HIGH. Doing so will decrease combustion efficiency and increase production of unwanted emissions. When operating heater, be sure wick is high enough to keep the heat chamber heated to a uniform red glow from top to bottom.

**NOTE:** The wick-stop serves an important purpose. The wick-stop indicates the lowest level at which the wick should be used.

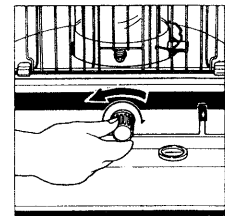
**⚠ WARNING:** Risk of indoor air pollution and fire. DO NOT OPERATE HEATER AT WICK SETTING LOWER THAN MINIMUM WICK-STOP POSITION.

**NOTE:** During the first 2-3 days of the heater use, the flame may reach about 1 inch above the top of the heat chamber even at the lowest position (the wick stop position).

**NOTE:** Always observe the heater closely for the first 15-20 minutes after it is lighted to be sure it is properly adjusted.

## EXTINGUISHING THE FLAME

1. Turn the wick adjuster knob counterclockwise until it stops (about one quarter turn). Pull out on the wick adjuster knob and continue turning counterclockwise until it stops again (about two and three-quarters turns). Within a few moments, the flame will be completely extinguished and the heater will be off.

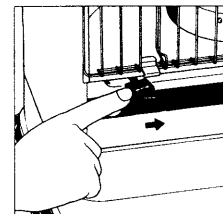


2. Make sure the flame is out completely.
3. Do not try to relight the heater for at least three (3) minutes after turning it off, as this may cause smoke and odor.

## MANUAL SHUTOFF

When quick shutoff is necessary, push the manual shutoff lever to the right.

**NOTE:** For routine turn-off, DO NOT use the "Manual Shutoff" or activate the "Automatic Extinguisher" by jarring the heater. These methods may cause unwanted odor, soot and smoke. Only the wick adjuster knob should be used for normal shutoff.



# CARE AND MAINTENANCE

As with any good appliance, preventive as well as corrective maintenance is occasionally required. Please read the following section carefully in order to enjoy the greatest benefits from your heater.

## WICK INSPECTION AND CLEANING (ONCE A WEEK)

**NOTE:** One of the simplest but also the most important components of your heater is the wick. With proper attention, the wick will last at least one heating season and, depending on the quality of the fuel used, possibly longer. It helps to perform routine maintenance operations on the wick.

1. Indications that the wick may need attention are:

- low flame
- tar deposit on the top edge of the wick
- difficulty in turning the wick adjuster knob
- a flickering or dying flame

2. Clean the wick by burning dry as follows:

- 1) When the fuel gauge indicates empty, but the heater is still burning, raise the wick to its highest position and allow the flame to consume the remaining fuel in the tank.

NOTE: Burning the wick dry can at times create odors. For the burning dry procedure, remove your heater from the living area of your house into a well-ventilated area such as a garage or even a sheltered area outside. If you burn the wick dry outside, be sure that the heater is not exposed to strong drafts during the procedure.

- 2) After the heater has cooled completely, remove the cabinet as described in items 1 through 4 of the next section.

- 3) Remove any residue from the wick with a small brush such as an old toothbrush. Cinders or soot in the burner around the wick may be vacuumed away. Be careful when removing such material from the wick with a brush, to do so gently so as not to tear the top surface of the wick.

- 4) Remove any tar deposits on the top of wick adjuster and primary air tube using a scraper.

NOTE: When good wick performance is no longer achieved by the burning dry process, it may be necessary to replace the burned wick with a new one.

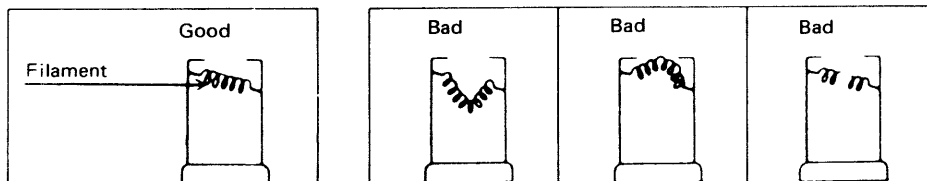
- 5) Before reassembling the heater, take a few minutes to wipe the parts with a soft cotton cloth or paper towels.

- 6) Reassemble the heater, following directions in item 16 of the next section.

NOTE: If the flame is still low after cleaning the wick, the wick may contain some water. It is then necessary to replace the wick and empty all kerosene from the fuel tank. Dry the tank thoroughly and refill with fresh, pure No. 1-K kerosene.

## INSPECTION OF THE IGNITER COIL (EVERY TIME)

If the wick does not ignite or is hard to ignite, check if the igniter filament is broken.



If the igniter coil is found to be defective, replace as described on page 14.

## CHECKING THE HEATER

**⚠ WARNING:** Before cleaning your heater, allow it to cool completely.

1. Check for kerosene leaks (REGULARLY)

Make it a habit to check for any sign of kerosene leakage at the fuel tank and the drip tray. Kerosene leaks may lead to risk of fire.

2. Cleaning the cabinet (ONCE A WEEK)

Wipe the surface of the cabinet with a soft cloth.

Stains can be removed with a cloth and a mild soapy solution.

Do not use scouring pads, or harsh abrasives.

3. Heat chamber (ONCE A WEEK)

Loose cinders or soot on the heat chamber can be brushed away.

Wipe the glass cylinder with a soft cloth. To wipe the inside of the glass cylinder, disassemble the heat chamber as described in items 1 through 5 under "REPLACING THE GLASS CYLINDER". (See page 13)

# CHECKING THE AUTOMATIC EXTINGUISHER (ONCE A WEEK)

Test the operation of the automatic extinguisher weekly. A good time to check is before lighting the heater.

1. Turn the wick adjuster knob clockwise until it stops (the same way as to light the heater).
2. Push the manual shutoff lever to the right and make sure the wick has dropped.
3. Repeat step 1 and then shake the heater and make sure the automatic extinguisher worked.

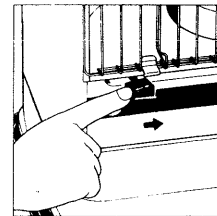
## REPLACEMENT OF PARTS

### REPLACING THE WICK

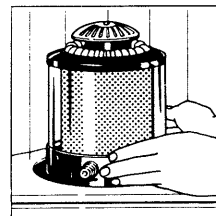
USE ONLY GENUINE KERO-SUN "Radiant 10" REPLACEMENT WICK PART #20452513. SUBSTITUTE WICKS CAN SEVERELY REDUCE PERFORMANCE AND SAFETY, AND WILL INVALIDATE WARRANTY (See warranty statement on back cover).

**⚠ WARNING:** Before disassembling your heater, allow it to cool completely.

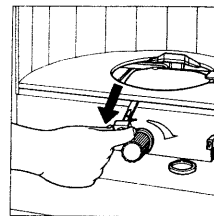
1. Release the automatic extinguisher by pushing the manual shutoff to the right.



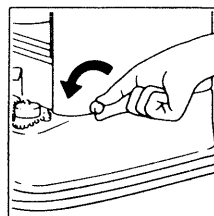
2. After the heat chamber has cooled completely, open the grille, and remove the heat chamber. Remove batteries from the battery holder on the rear of the cabinet.



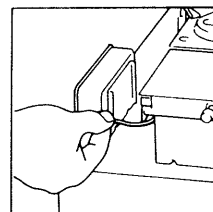
3. Grasp the automatic extinguisher reset lever and pull sharply toward you to snap out and detach lever from heater.



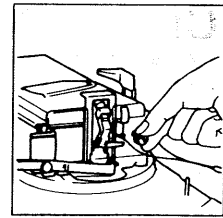
4. Remove the three (3) LARGE thumbscrews at the sides and rear of the cabinet, then lift the cabinet off the fuel tank.



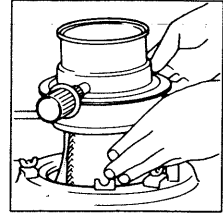
5. Disconnect the two electrical leads (red and white) attached to the battery holder.



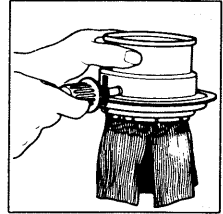
6. Remove the three (3) SMALL thumbscrews holding the extinguisher. Lift off the extinguisher.



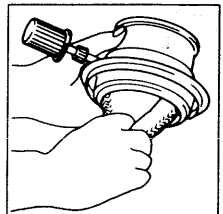
7. Loosen the three (3) wing nuts around the wick adjuster and turn the retainer until you can lift the entire wick adjuster out of the fuel tank. Lift the wick adjuster off the heater while moving it slightly back and forth.



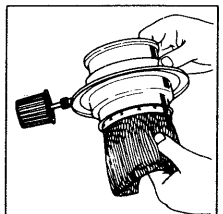
8. Turn the wick adjuster knob counterclockwise until it stops. Then gently pull the knob and continue turning counterclockwise to the lowest wick position.



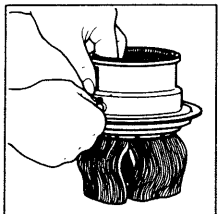
9. Fold the old wick in towards the center to free it from the wick adjuster and then remove.



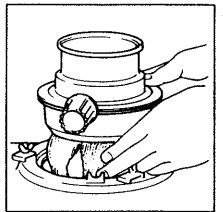
10. Fold the new wick in quarters and insert it into the wick adjuster. Align the red line on the outside of the wick with the bottom edge of the wick adjuster.



11. Finally, gently press the wick, all along its circumference, against the adjuster to insure that it is firmly in place.

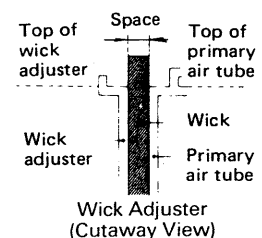


12. Lower the wick adjuster into the fuel tank, guiding the tail of the wick so it fits over the primary air tube and evenly into place. Position the wick adjuster shaft in the U-shaped guide at the front of the tank.



NOTE: The space between the wick adjuster and the primary air tube should be even all around.

NOTE: Make certain the top of the wick adjuster and the top of primary air tube are the same height. If they are uneven, the flames tend to be uneven, too.

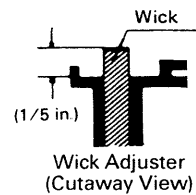
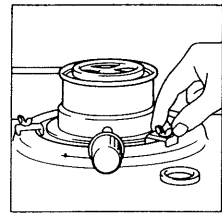


13. Re-position the three (3) retainers and tighten the three (3) wing nuts around the wick adjuster. Turn the wick adjuster knob to be sure the wick moves smoothly up and down.

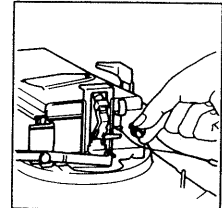
Wick height should be 5 mm (1/5 in.) when wick adjuster knob is turned fully clockwise. Be sure to check.

NOTE: If wick does not move smoothly and easily, or wick height is not in the range of 4-5 mm (5/32-1/5 in.), do not use heater. Disassemble and repeat items 10 through 13.

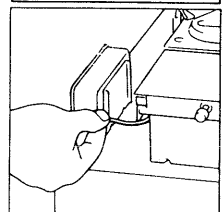
NOTE: If any ragged edges appear on the top of the wick, trim them with a scissors carefully. DO NOT cut the body of the wick.



14. Install the automatic extinguisher using the three (3) SMALL thumbscrews.



15. Reconnect the red and white electrical leads to the battery holder. Check to be sure the wires are not pinched by the extinguisher.



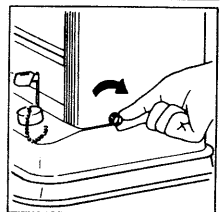
16. Replace the cabinet on the fuel tank and secure it into position with three (3) LARGE thumbscrews.

Replace the extinguisher reset lever by pushing it into its slot. Be sure that the lever snaps into position. Engage the automatic extinguisher. Replace batteries into the battery holder.

Install the heat chamber. Grasp the wire handle, then turn the heat chamber left and right to insure that it is properly seated.

AFTER REPLACING THE WICK, CHECK THE OPERATION OF THE AUTOMATIC EXTINGUISHER BY PUSHING THE SET LEVER TO THE LEFT UNTIL IT LOCKS AND THEN PUSHING THE MANUAL SHUTOFF LEVER TO THE RIGHT.

NOTE: Before lighting a new wick for the first time, turn the wick to its lowest position and allow the wick to saturate with kerosene for about thirty (30) minutes.

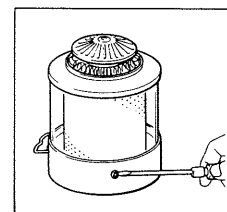


## REPLACING THE GLASS CYLINDER

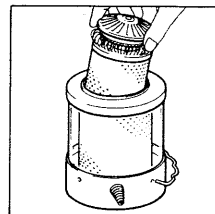
**⚠ WARNING:** Do not operate heater with glass removed or broken.

1. Remove the two (2) E-rings from the cross pins by using a small screwdriver. And remove the two (2) cross pins.

NOTE: Do not lose the E-rings.

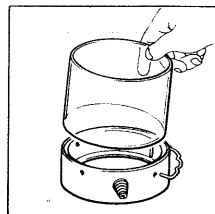


2. Take off the middle chimney and the old glass cylinder.



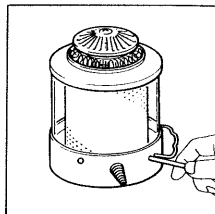
3. Install the new glass cylinder and the middle chimney.

NOTE: The connections of the middle and inner chimney should be positioned opposite the wire heat chamber handle.



4. Insert the two (2) cross pins.

NOTE: Make sure the bottom of the middle chimney should be even with the bottom of the inner chimney.



5. Reinstall the E-rings.

## REPLACING THE IGNITER COIL

USE ONLY GENUINE KERO-SUN REPLACEMENT IGNITER COIL PART # 20451618. SUBSTITUTE IGNITER COILS CAN SEVERELY REDUCE PERFORMANCE AND SAFETY.

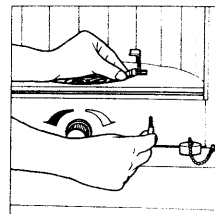
**⚠ WARNING:** Before replacing the igniter coil, allow the heater to cool completely.

### 1. REPLACE THE BATTERIES

When the igniter coil no longer glows sufficiently to light the wick, replace the batteries. If proper glow is not restored, the igniter coil may be defective.

### 2. CHANGE IGNITER COIL

- Remove the batteries from the battery holder.
- Release the automatic extinguisher, and remove the heat chamber as described in items 1 and 2 of the preceding section.
- Push the igniter lever to bring the igniter coil into view.
- To remove the igniter coil, push it in and twist in either direction while holding the sides of the socket with your other hand.
- Install the new igniter coil by pressing it into the socket and turning.
- Replace the heat chamber and reinstall the batteries.



# STORAGE

At the end of each heating season, or when you do not plan to use your heater for an extended period of time, the following procedures are recommended:

1. CLEAN WICK AND HEATER

Follow directions in item 2 under "WICK INSPECTION AND CLEANING".

2. DRAIN FUEL TANK

After you have burned your heater dry, a small amount of kerosene will remain in the fuel tank. It should be removed in order to avoid contamination when the heater is refueled at a later date. To do this, remove the fuel cap, tip the heater toward you and insert a small syringe into the bottom-most portion of the fuel tank. Empty the tank completely before storing.

3. REMOVE BATTERIES FROM BATTERY HOLDER

4. STORE HEATER

The original shipping carton is the best place to store your heater. If you do not have original packing materials, cover the heater with a large plastic bag and store in a dry place.



# TROUBLESHOOTING

PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION	PAGE
Wick fails to ignite	Out of fuel	Check fuel gauge; add fuel if necessary.	6
	Igniter coil does not glow	Check wire connections. Replace batteries. Replace igniter coil, if necessary.	6 10, 14
	Water in kerosene/poor quality kerosene	Drain tank. Install new wick. Refill with fresh, clean No. 1-K kerosene.	11
Smoke or odor	Heat chamber tilted or improperly seated	Move wire handle until heat chamber is properly seated and moves smoothly left and right.	8
	Wick set too high	Reduce wick height by turning wick adjuster knob counterclockwise.	8
	Dirty wick	Clean wick as described under "Care and Maintenance".	9
	Drafts	Relocate heater.	2
	Contaminated fuel/poor quality kerosene	Drain tank and rinse with clean kerosene. Install new wick and refill with fresh, clean No. 1-K kerosene.	9 11
Flickering, dying or low flame	Dirty wick	Clean wick as described under "Care and Maintenance". If necessary, install new wick.	9 11
	Water in kerosene/poor quality kerosene	Drain tank and rinse with clean kerosene. Install new wick and refill with fresh, clean No. 1-K kerosene.	9 11
	Wick too low to sustain good flame	Remove wick. Reinstall wick as described under "Replacing the Wick".	11
Wick adjuster knob is hard to turn	Dirty wick	Clean wick as described under "Care and Maintenance".	9
	Poor quality kerosene	Drain tank and rinse with clean kerosene. Install new wick and refill with fresh, clean No. 1-K kerosene.	9 11
	Damaged mechanism	Contact your dealer for service.	
Flame too high	Fuel contaminated with gasoline or other highly flammable material	IMMEDIATELY shut off heater. Inspect all components for damage. Drain tank and rinse with clean kerosene. Install new wick and refill tank with fresh, clean No. 1-K kerosene.	3 9 11
	Wick set too high	Remove wick. Reinstall wick as described under "Replacing the Wick".	11

# LIMITED WARRANTY

TOYOTOMI U.S.A., INC. ("TOYOTOMI") warrants each product and any parts thereof sold by it to be free from defects in materials or workmanship under normal use and service for TWELVE (12) MONTHS from the date of delivery to the original purchaser at retail subject to the following terms and conditions:

**WHAT IS COVERED:** Product or any parts thereof which are defective in materials or workmanship.

**WHAT IS NOT COVERED:**

(1) This warranty does not extend to any defect due to the negligence of others; failure to install, operate or maintain unit in accordance with installation instructions (operating and maintenance instructions are furnished with each new unit); unreasonable use; accidents; alteration, use of unauthorized or non-standardized Toyotomi parts and accessories; electrical malfunction, i.e., as resulting from power surges, short circuit, etc.; incorrect installation; use of any fuel other than that specified in owners manuals; or repair by anyone other than a service facility specified by Toyotomi.

(2) Normal wear and tear of parts, including wicks, batteries, igniter coils and siphons, cutting blades, hoses, cables, burner mats and accessories.

(3) This warranty does not cover shipping costs.

**WHO IS COVERED:** The original purchaser at retail.

**WHAT WE WILL DO:** TOYOTOMI will either repair or replace, at its option, all defective parts free of charge that are covered by this limited warranty on a carry-in basis, to your nearest authorized dealer or distributor of TOYOTOMI.

**WHAT YOU MUST DO FOR WARRANTY SERVICE:** You must return the defective Product or part to any authorized dealer or distributor of TOYOTOMI with this LIMITED WARRANTY and a copy of your bill of sale or credit card charge receipt or other document evidencing the date of the Product's delivery. If service is not available locally, please contact our CUSTOMER RELATIONS DEPARTMENT at:

TOYOTOMI U.S.A., INC.  
604 Federal Road, Brookfield, CT 06804  
(203) 775-1909

THE FOREGOING EXPRESSES ALL OF TOYOTOMI'S OBLIGATIONS AND LIABILITIES WITH RESPECT TO THE QUALITY OF PRODUCT FURNISHED BY IT. ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE DISCLAIMED. TOYOTOMI SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR THE LOSS OF USE OF THE PRODUCT, INCONVENIENCE, LOSS OR ANY OTHER DAMAGES, DIRECT OR CONSEQUENTIAL ARISING OUT OF THE USE OF, OR INABILITY TO USE, THE PRODUCT OR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM OR ATTRIBUTABLE TO DEFECTS IN THE PRODUCT.

No one other than TOYOTOMI has authority to extend or modify the terms of this Limited Warranty in any manner whatsoever.

Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages or limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, so these limitations or exclusions may not apply to you. This Limited Warranty gives you specific legal rights and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

**NOTE:** An extended warranty period of 36 months is offered for vented heaters only. This coverage is limited to the combustion assembly, specifically the burner pot, radiant chamber and heat exchanger. The remainder of vented heater is subject to 12 months.



**BY TOYOTOMI**

**TOYOTOMI U.S.A., INC.**

P.O. Box 176, Brookfield, CT 06804-0176